Agenda Item No:	8	Fenland
Committee:	Corporate Governance	
Date:	4 February 2020	CAMBRIDGESHIRE
Report Title:	Corporate Risk Register quarterly	review

1 Purpose / Summary

 To provide an update to the Corporate Governance Committee on the Council's Corporate Risk Register.

2 Key issues

- The Council's Risk Management Strategy ensures the effective maintenance of a risk management framework by:
 - o embedding risk management across core management functions;
 - o providing tools to identify and respond to internal and external risk;
 - linking risks to objectives within services and regularly reviewing these.
- Corporate Governance Committee has asked that the Council's Corporate Risk Register is reviewed and presented to it quarterly.
- The latest Corporate Risk Register (**Appendix A**) is attached to this report.

3 Recommendations

• The latest Corporate Risk Register is agreed as attached at Appendix A to this report.

Wards Affected	All
Forward Plan Reference	N/A
Portfolio Holder(s)	Cllr Chris Boden – Leader and Portfolio Holder for Corporate Governance
Report Originator(s)	Sam Anthony – Head of HR&OD
Contact Officer(s)	Paul Medd – Chief Executive Peter Catchpole –Corporate Director & Chief Finance Officer Carol Pilson – Corporate Director Gary Garford – Corporate Director Sam Anthony – Head of HR&OD
Background Paper(s)	Previous reviews of the Corporate Risk Register: minutes of Corporate Governance Committee

4 Background / introduction

4.1 This is the latest quarterly update in respect of the Corporate Risk register.

5 Considerations

- 5.1 The Council has seven considerations when considering risk:
 - o Performance can we still achieve our objectives?
 - Service delivery will this be disrupted and how do we ensure it continues?
 - Injury how do we avoid injuries and harm?
 - o Reputation how is the Council's reputation protected?
 - o Environment how do we avoid and minimise damage to it?
 - Financial how do we avoid losing money?
 - o Legal how do we reduce the risk of litigation?
- 5.2 Members and Officers share responsibility for managing risk:-
 - Members have regard for risk in making decisions
 - Corporate Governance Committee oversee management of risk
 - Corporate Management Team maintain strategic risk management framework
 - Risk Management Group Lead Officers across the Council promote risk management and a consistent approach to it
 - Managers identify and mitigate new risks, ensure teams manage risk
 - All staff manage risk in their jobs and work safely.
- 5.3 Risk is scored by impact and likelihood. Each have a score of 1-5 reflecting severity. The overall score then generates a risk score if no action is taken, together with a residual risk score after mitigating action is taken to reduce risk to an acceptable level.
- 5.4 The level of risk the Council deems acceptable is the "risk appetite". The Council accepts a "medium risk appetite" in that it accepts some risks are inevitable and acceptable whereas others may not be acceptable.
- 5.5 Managers consider risks as part of the annual service planning process. Each service has a risk register with the highest risks being reported at a strategic level, forming the Corporate Risk Register. The Corporate Management Team, supported by the Risk Management Group ensures that the highest risks are regularly reviewed and mitigating action undertaken.
- 5.6 The Council's Risk Management Strategy and Policy is currently under full review, and will be presented to the Corporate Governance Committee in due course.
- 5.7 The Corporate Risk Register is very much a "living document"; the Corporate Governance Committee reviews it quarterly.
- 5.8 Where exceptional new risks present themselves, they can be referred to Corporate Governance Committee urgently as appropriate.
- 5.9 Risk appetite has been considered. The Council takes a medium risk appetite, accepting that the current climate in Local Government is subject to great change and

that some risks are necessary in order for the Council to move forward and continue to deliver high quality, cost-effective services. This information has been added in to the attached document to provide further clarity. As a result of this; in some instances it is not possible to significantly reduce residual risk. Having said this, some decisions may need to be made in a timely manner and this could increase risk appetite accordingly. The Council's overall risk appetite should be reviewed regularly.

- 5.10 Risk awareness is embedded across the Council. Whilst the Risk Management Strategy sets out how all levels of Officers should understand and take risk into account, it is important that risk awareness and management is integral to the Council's culture. To achieve this, risk awareness and training are important. This information has also been added in to the attached document to provide further clarity.
- 5.11 It is important that Members have regard for risk when considering matters and making decisions at Council, Cabinet and Committees. In addition, Corporate Governance Committee must take a strategic overview of risk and consider the highest risks to the Council as set out in the Corporate Risk Register.

6 Changes to the Corporate Risk Register

- 6.1 The Risk Register has been reviewed by the Corporate Risk Management Group and Corporate Management Team, with no changes made to the identified risks.
- 6.2 Mitigating actions and progress have been updated.
- 6.3 Commentary regarding all risks and action being taken to ensure current risks are minimised has been updated in the Risk Register.
- 6.4 All updates are highlighted in green.
- 6.5 In addition to the above changes, some additional narrative had been added around the Risk Management Process (at section 2); the Monitoring and Escalation Framework (at section 4); the Risk Appetite and tolerance levels; and a heat map showing all the residual risks at page 28.

7 Next steps

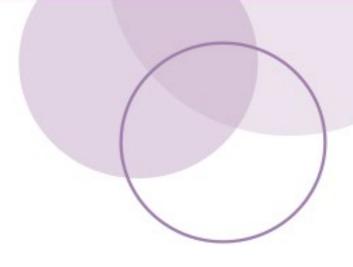
7.1 Officers will continue to bring a reviewed and updated Corporate Risk Register to Corporate Governance Committee on a regular basis.

8 Conclusions

- 8.1 The risk management process provides assurance for the Annual Governance Statement, which is substantiated by reports from the Council's External Auditors in their issuance of an unqualified audit opinion.
- 8.2 Regular review (and updating as appropriate) of the Risk Management Strategy and Corporate Risk Register will further build the assurance required above.

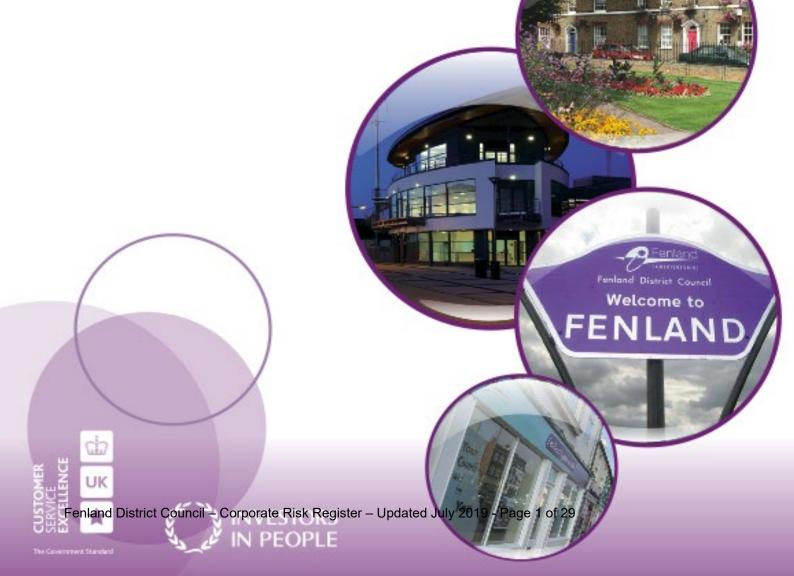






Corporate risk register

Reviewed and updated January 2020



1 Introduction

1.1 This is the latest Corporate Risk Register. Please refer to the Council's Corporate Risk Strategy for further information about how the Council approaches risk management. Actions and comments for each risk have been revised and other changes are highlighted in green.

2 Risk Management process

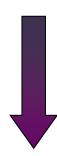
- 2.1 Risk Management is designed to identify what could affect the achievement of objectives, and to plan a proportionate response.
- 2.2 The Council's approach to Risk Management is documented within the Risk Management Framework. It aims to ensure that risks are identified for both strategic and operational activity. This includes:
 - corporate and service priorities;
 - project management;
 - · decision-making and policy setting; and
 - financial and performance monitoring and planning.
- 2.3 The Risk Management Framework provides tools to manage risks for the different types of system and control environment; such as the Corporate Risk Register to capture and summarise significant and strategic risks; team risk registers which help inform service planning and actions; risk and hazard identification documents are shared with management as appropriate during audit reviews; and health and safety risk assessments which are updated annually by teams.
- 2.4 The frequency and mechanism for monitoring risks reflects the type of monitoring system, and the pace of changing circumstances, for example:
 - Project risks will be recorded in project risk registers, and are reviewed frequently throughout the projects life.
 - Operational risks are identified through audit and inspection work, and are assigned dates and ownership.
 - Operational risks are identified through service planning and are linked to the service plan actions. These are typically monitored monthly through team meetings as part of the Councils Performance Management framework.
- 2.5 The Annual Governance Statement records governance actions, which are reviewed biannually as good practice. The Corporate Risk Register comprises strategic and significant risks. The register can both inform and reflect risks recorded in other risk management systems. It may refer to more detailed analysis of risks, presented to committees, such as the Medium Term Financial Strategy. Appropriately, mitigation may be linked to specific actions recorded and monitored through service plans, or committee forward plans.
- 2.6 Risks are categorised, and scored according to their impact and likelihood. This activity allows managers, to prioritise resources to mitigate them. Strategic and significant risks are defined by the Councils risk appetite.
- 2.7 The outcomes of this process are reported to the Corporate Governance Committee at least twice each year in the form of the attached Corporate Risk Register.

2.8 The review of the Risk Management Framework, Policy and Strategy, will be reported to the Corporate Governance Committee at least annually. The Risk Management process, and register, will provide assurance for the Annual Governance Statement.

3. How risks are scored

- 3.1 The Council has adopted a consistent scoring mechanism for all risk identification, as it enables risks identified from other systems to be escalated to the Corporate Risk Register.
- 3.2 The probability "likelihood", and effect "impact", of each risk must be identified in order to help assess the significance of the risk and the subsequent effort put into managing it.
- 3.3 The risk score is calculated by multiplying the impact score by the likelihood score:

IMPACT	
Score	Classification
1	Insignificant
2	Minor
3	Moderate
4	Major
5	Catastrophic



LIKELIHOOD									
Score	Classification								
1	Highly unlikely								
2	Unlikely								
3	Possible								
4	Probable								
5 Very likely									

IMPACT x LIKELIHOOD = RISK SCORE

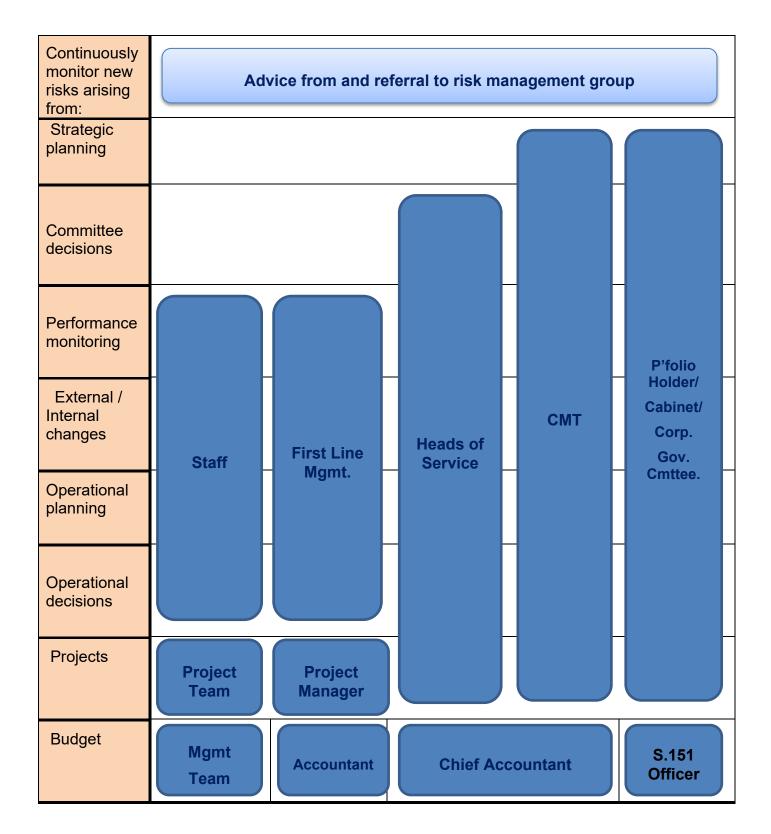
3.4 The impact and likelihood of risks is scored with regards the below levels:-

Score	1	2	3	4	5
Criteria	Insignificant impact	Minor impact	Moderate Impact	Major Impact	Catastrophic Impact
Performance	Objectives still achieved with minimum extra cost or inconvenience	Partial achievement of objectives with compensating action taken or reallocation of resources.	Additional costs required and or time delays to achieve objectives – adverse impact on PIs and targets.	Unable to achieve corporate objectives or statutory obligations resulting in significant visible impact on service provision such as closure of facilities.	Unable to achieve corporate objectives and/or corporate obligations.
Service Delivery	Insignificant disruption on internal business – no loss of customer service.	Some disruption on internal business only – no loss of customer service.	Noticeable disruption affecting customers. Loss of service up to 48 hours.	Major disruption affecting customers. Loss of service for more than 48 hours.	Loss of service delivery for more than seven days.
Physical	No injury/claims.	Minor injury/claims (first aid treatment).	Violence or threat or serious injury/claims (medical treatment required).	Extensive multiple injuries/claims.	Loss of life.
Reputation	No reputational damage.	Minimal coverage in local media.	Sustained coverage in local media.	Coverage in national media.	Extensive coverage in National Media.
Environmental	Insignificant environmental damage.	Minor damage to local environmental.	Moderate local environmental damage.	Major damage to local environment.	Significant environmental damage attracting national and or international concern.
Financial	Financial loss < £200,000	Financial loss >£200,000 <£600,000	Financial loss >£600,000 <£1,000,000	Financial loss >£1,000,000 <£4,000,000	Financial loss >£4,000,000
Legal	Minor civil litigation or regulatory criticism	Minor regulatory enforcement	Major civil litigation and/or local public enquiry	Major civil litigation setting precedent and/or national public enquiry	Section 151 or government intervention or criminal charges

4. Monitoring and escalation framework

4.1 The following diagram illustrates the key stakeholders for different classification of risk management:

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5.0 Risk appetite and tolerance levels

- 5.1 Risk appetite and tolerance is the amount of risk an organisation is prepared to accept, or be exposed to at any point in time. It can indicate where action is required to reduce risk to an acceptable level, plus opportunities for positive outcomes which can be monitored.
- 5.2 The Council has adopted the approach and definitions used by CIPFA and the Institute of Risk Management:

Risk appetite

"The amount of risk an organisation is willing to seek or accept in the pursuit of its long-term objectives".

An example may be consideration of the funds or resources that an organisation is prepared to invest in a venture where success is not guaranteed but that would yield benefits.

Risk tolerance

"The boundaries of risk taking outside which the organisation is not prepared to venture in the pursuit of its long-term objectives".

An example may be a Treasury Management Strategy that rules out certain types of investment options.

- 5.3 Typically an individual's perception of an acceptable risk is the same irrespective of which definition is used. Differences may occur where risks cannot be controlled or completely eliminated. For example political and legislative change is an external driver which cannot be fully mitigated. In this instance the risk tolerance, and ability to manage the risk, may be greater than risk appetite.
- 5.4 It is recognised that the tolerance or appetite is subjective, and may change according to the environment, internal and external drivers. Consequently it is important, regardless of the terms used, that everyone has a consistent approach to risk taking to prioritise resources effectively.
- 5.5 The Councils risk appetite is set by the Corporate Management Team and is reviewed periodically. This provides guidance to everyone on acceptable levels of risk taking, to encourage a consistent approach to risk management.
- 5.6 Different risk appetites can be illustrated on a five by five matrix as three levels: high, medium and low. The Council is risk aware and the current level is determined by CMT as medium. This provides guidance that any inherent risk scored at 15 or greater is to be considered for the Corporate Risk Register.
 - 1.7 Once controls are in operation the risks can be scored again to illustrate the residual risk

6. The corporate risk register at a glance

6.1 Please see below for a summary of current risks and their scores. More detail follows in section 7 of this document, in which the individual risks are ordered by severity of current risk, in descending order.

Ref	Risk	l l	Risk if no actio	n		Current risk		Page in this
		Impact	Likelihood	Score	Impact	Likelihood	Score	register
1	Legislative changes	5	5	25	2	5	10	15
2	Brexit	5	5	25	2	3	6	16
3	Failure of contractors and suppliers working on the Council's behalf	4	4	16	3	4	12	12
4	Failure of IT systems	5	<mark>5</mark>	<mark>25</mark>	4	3	12	9
5	Insufficient staff to provide Council services	4	5	20	2	3	6	25
6	Breach of ICT security causes loss of service	5	5	25	4	3	12	10
7	Lack of access to Council premises prevents services being delivered	5	5	25	2	З	6	26
8	Funding changes make Council unsustainable	5	5	25	3	3	9	17
9	The Council's ability to cope with a natural disaster	5	4	20	4	4	16	8
10	Major health and safety incident	4	4	16	4	3	12	13
11	Fraud and error committed against the Council	5	4	20	3	3	9	18
12	Failure of external investment institutions	5	4	20	2	4	8	24
13	Failure of Governance in major partners or in the Council as a result of partnership working	4	5	20	3	3	9	19
14	Failure to achieve required savings targets	4	5	20	3	3	9	20
15	Over-run of major Council projects in time or cost	4	5	20	3	2	6	27
16	Service provision affected by organisational change	4	5	20	3	4	12	14
17	Political changes in national priorities	5	4	20	3	4	12	11
18	Capital funding strategy failure	5	4	20	3	3	9	21
19	Poor communications with stakeholders	4	5	20	3	3	9	22
<mark>20</mark>	Failure of the Council's Commercialisation and Investment Strategy	5	4	<mark>20</mark>	3	3	9	<mark>23</mark>

7 Corporate risk register

			Risk if no action			Cui	rent r	risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
9	Risk:- The Council's ability to cope with a natural disaster. Effects:- Natural disaster; malicious or accidental incident affects support required by civilians or disrupts existing Council services.	5	4	20	Emergency plan Emergency planning exercises beyond the district Business continuity plans Regular exercise and joint public sector workshops for Emergency Planning Emergency Planning Communication s Strategy Review of approach with partner organisations as a result of lessons learned from 'near miss' flood events. Local Resilience Forum	4	4	16	СМТ	 Regularly test Emergency Plan Test Service Business Continuity Plans Ensure key emergency planning staff attend regular liaison meetings and training 	Key senior staff attend regular multi-agency briefing and planning meetings. Management Team conduct periodical exercise to test the Councils readiness for an emergency. Recovery Training has been delivered in-house to Management Team in January 2020. Additional training is in progress (Rest Centres, Incident Officers and Tactical Management) during 2020. Recovery Training has been delivered to all senior managers by the Cambridge and Peterborough Local Resilience Forum (CPLRF); additional training is in progress (Loggist, Recovery and Tactical Management). The Council's Emergency Management and Rest Plan have been updated. We have increased and trained the number of volunteer rest centre staff available. The Council will retain the use of each of the four Leisure Centres for rest centre sites. The Council will be implementing a rota for officers to be 'on call' in the event of an emergency

			isk if ı actior			Cu	rrent	risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
4	Risk:- Failure of IT systems Effects:- Failure to secure and manage data leads to loss of/ corruption of / inaccuracy of data, results in disruption to services and breaches of security. A further consequence could be financial penalties and reputational risk.	5	5	25	Data protection policy and procedure Freedom of Information publication scheme Data retention policy and procedure for archive and disposal Information breach response plan Monitoring Officer role comprises Senior Information Risk Officer function Business continuity plans ICT system security Public Services Network compliance Paperless office project Countywide information sharing framework	4	3	12	Carol Pilson / Peter Catchpole	 Effective auditing of systems and data held. Data backed-up securely off-site. Regular penetration testing. Regular review of business continuity plans Disaster Recovery testing is undertaken at regular intervals 	GDPR is live, see risk 1. An additional internet feed to Fenland Hall has been installed to improve resilience. The likelihood score has been reviewed and increased due to the increase globally of cyber crime The Council's internet and email protocols have been updated.

		Risk if no action				Cu	rrent	risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
6	Risk:- Breach of ICT security causes loss of service Effects:- Major IT physical hardware failure or electronic attack, such as viruses, hacking or spyware, causes disruption to services and breaches of security. A further consequence could be financial penalties and reputational risk.	5	5	25	Anti-virus software Geographically distributed servers Tested disaster recovery plan Back-ups stored off site Secondary power supply Revised security policies Critical services' business continuity plans include manual operation	4	3	12	Peter Catchpole	 Effective auditing of systems and data held. Data backed-up securely off-site. Regular penetration testing. 	The Council has subscribed to the National Cyber Security Centre's (NCSC) Web Check service that helps public sector organisations fix website threats. This service regularly scans public sector websites to check if they are secure. NCSC have advised that the Fenland Council site is secure. Council IT systems and website are as secure as possible with current anti-attack software and processes up to date. When vulnerabilities are made known by software vendors, software is updated to reduce the risk of malicious attack. The likelihood score has been reviewed and increased due to the increase globally of cyber crime

		Risk if no action						risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
17	Risk:- Political changes in national priorities Effects:- Changes in national political priorities may result in immediate changes that require additional resource to achieve and fail to reflect priorities determined by consultation.	5	4	20	 Financial & workforce planning Monitoring by CMT and resultant Cabinet reports Clear corporate planning and regular performance monitoring Effective service & financial planning Respond to national consultation on key policy changes Membership of LGA as a Council Outside Body 	3	4	12	Paul Medd	 Understanding and acting on intelligence from LGA, CIPFA and other local government sources. Resources identified, approved and implemented without delay. Constant monitoring Horizon scanning via professional bodies Joint/collaborative working 	The risks of legislative change remain high as a result of the effects of the ongoing Brexit process, albeit that Brexit itself has been identified as a risk to the Council. (see reference number 2) The recent election has lessened the potential likelihood of significant changes

		Risk if no action				Current risk						
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	А	ctions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
3	Risk:- Failure of contractors and suppliers working on the Council's behalf Effects:- Failure of contractor or partners to deliver services or meet agreed performance objectives leads to additional costs or failed objectives.	4	4	16	Procurement processes – including financial aspects/ contract standing orders/ equality standards Contract process – creation of robust contracts Accountability and risk ownership documented Service Level Agreements Contract monitoring Trained/skilled staff Project management Relationship Management Business Continuity Plans	3	4	12	CMT	•	Regular monitoring of contracts and performance by Managers. Ensure that contracts have risk registers and mitigation in event of contract failure.	The Leisure service was outsourced in December 2018 Included within the contact is the requirement for contingency in case of service failure. Potential contractors are always checked for financial stability by the Accountancy team before contracts are let. Individual Council services share their own contingency to cover for contractor failure, and this is part of the Business Continuity Plan for each Service Area. We are carefully monitoring risks of supplier failure such as Capita issuing a profits warning over recent months. We have a Contract Manager in post whose role is to manage/monitor the performance of the main Grounds Maintenance contract and the Leisure Service contract. All other shared services/contracts have a full review and governance process in place to ensure ongoing delivery and performance standards

		Risk if no action				Current risk					
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
10	Risk:- Major health and safety incident Effects:- Major Health & Safety incident at Council leads to costs for inquiry, disruption to service and possible prosecution	4	4	16	Health & Safety (H&S) Panel H&S procedures – addressed at every service area H&S audits in all services Specialist H&S advisor Corporate wide H&S training Insurance Aligned Port Health and Safety arrangements Port Management Group and annual independent audit Robust sickness management processes	4	3	12	СМТ	 Ensure health and safety is standard agenda on all team meetings. Ensure equipment inventory and inspections are up to date. Review Risk Assessments and Action Plans. Capture Port near misses and asses learning points 	A thorough Health and Safety regime at the Council ensures that the residual risk remains carefully managed Programme of targeted health and safety refresher training is in place as per service specification Flu jabs are being provided for employees

		Risk if no action				Cu	rrent i	risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
16	Risk:- Service provision affected by organisational change Effects:- Service provision and performance affected by organisational change, industrial action and/or staff sickness resulting in complaints, poor performance and possible further costs.	4	5	20	Working environment / org culture Staff Committee Consultation with Staff Side Flexible working Established suite of people policies & procedures Business continuity plans Management training "Springboard" appraisal for all staff support and development CMT monitor and lead on human resource management. Regular performance monitoring and management IIP Access to interim arrangements Robust sickness absence management	3	4	12	Peter Catchpole	 Business continuity plans for each service. Culture of Council remains effective Workforce planning, which includes succession planning for key roles an talent management A comprehensive programme of health surveillance for groups of employees who work in certain service areas (e.g. refuse drivers, workshop, port staff, etc.) Trained Mental Health First Aiders in place Stress awareness training Resilience training Staff engagement and consultation processes 	Plans regularly checked and tested. Services have reviewed their Business Continuity Plans in the light of wider local government lessons learnt from the Grenfell Tower fire. All services have up to date Business Continuity Plans in place. All organisational changes are considered by the senior management and a wider project group to ensure all service provision issues are properly considered and managed. The Council has a health and wellbeing programme in place which supports the existing suite of Policies, Codes of Practices and processes, this includes a wide range of support to help promote and encourage their good health and wellbeing, such as: A dedicated Occupational Health Advice and guidance support service available for all employees (at nil cost to the Council) to enable financial support to access a wide range of health care specialists and interventions (e.g. chiropractic services, dental treatment, acupuncture, reflexology, chiropody etc.) A confidential Employee Assistance Programme (EAP), which provides a counselling service to staff where needed. A dedicated on line platform offering a wide range of support and advice for all employees of a comprehensive range of issues.

	actio			action			rrent	risk		
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk Comments and progress of actions
1	Risk:- Legislative changes Effects:- Changes arising from Central Government or EU legislation requiring significant alteration to organisational capacity, such as impact of welfare reform and universal credit, effects of devolution, introduction of new burdens. Risk of GDPR breach and ICO sanction/fine	5	5	25	Monitoring Officer Horizon scanning by Legal/CMT/Mgt Team Service Manager responsibilities Financial & workforce planning Membership of professional/ Local Gov bodies aids horizon scanning Mgt of change approach to mitigate significant impact to the organisation and its staff Detailed project plans to change implementation Respond to consultations on new legislation	2	5	10	Carol Pilson	 Use intelligence to identify impending changes and their effects. Ensure staff trained and procedures changed. Use professional networking to identify best practice for responding to change. We respond to government consultations on changes to legislation or policy to influence its development. Officers continue to horizon-scan for legislative changes and their effects. The Council has compiled an Information Asset Register of all records it hold in both paper and electronic form, worked with IT system suppliers and conducted a staff awareness campaign to ensure that staff understand and are compliant with GDPR. The majority of information held by the Council is held with a legal basis for holding such as election and Council Tax records. All staff undergo GDPR training, and opportunities for further Member training in this area are currently being explored The Council now has a dedicated GDPR Officer, and each service is required to have a dedicated GDPR lead

		Risk if no action				Cu	rrent	risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
2	Risk:- Brexit Effects:- Uncertainty during transition period, followed by potential legislative, funding and policy changes after UK leaves EU may adversely affect the Council and its ability to provide services.	5	5	25	Horizon scanning by Legal Services / CMT / Heads of Service Financial & workforce planning Membership of professional and Local Govt bodies aids horizon scanning Management of change approach to mitigate against significant impact to the organisation and its staff Detailed project plans to manage implementation of changes	2	3	6	Peter Catchpole / Carol Pilson	 Understanding and acting on intelligence from LGA, CIPFA and other local government sources. Identifying policies that require changing, their effects and governance as Brexit effects start. 	Government Withdrawal Agreement Bill has been passed ruling out a No-Deal situation, hence the likelihood rating has been revised to 3 The Council continues to monitor progress and take account of any effects on local government as they emerge. The Council is actively preparing for the likely outcomes of ongoing Government Brexit negotiations: • The Council has a Corporate Brexit Project group; • The Council is an active partner of the Cambridge and Peterborough Local Resilience Forum (CPLRF), who have been tasked with looking at the potential impacts of a "No Deal" Brexit, and the associated local Impact. This is being led by the Cambridgeshire Fire and Rescue Service • The Council is a member of the Cambridgeshire Public Service Board, (This is the Executives of the partner organisations within the county, and Brexit is a standing item on their current agenda). The Council has fully reviewed information on its workforce and the requirements for any EU workers; we are also liaising with all partners to ensure their preparedness in this area. The Council have also promoted Community awareness in this area by providing signposting information via Community Support teams

			isk if i			Cu	rrent	risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
8	Risk:- Funding changes make Council unsustainable Effects:- Economic changes, imposed savings requirements, changes to local government funding systems, uncertainties of pilot pension fund. Financial Mgt of NNDR, CTS leads to change in income /spending making Council unsustainable.	5	5		S151/ Chief Finance Officer Finance Officer Financial Regulations & Standing Orders Appropriately trained staff MTFS Professional economic forecasts Community consultation on service priorities Our CSR programme Political decisions linked to budget strategies CMT efficiency planning Efficiency Plan and CSR plan. Executive steer of service /capital priorities. Review fees /changes. Reserves Financial Mgt System Budget monitoring.	3	3	9	Peter Catchpole	 Using intelligence to model and plan for future changes and risks and move away from reliance on Govt funding to balance our budget. Regular monitoring of current position and reporting to Members. Workforce planning covers all scenarios. Inclusion in national working groups, modelling and lobbying for funding system after RSG ceases. Sharing Council's Efficiency Plan with the Government allows guaranteed multi-year grant settlement raising funding certainty. Shared services and partnership working 	We are closely watching local government finance and the Council's current budget and Medium Term Financial Plan reflects how the Council will balance its budget and maintain appropriate reserves. The Fair Funding Review and Business rate Retention Scheme is being reviewed nationally, and there is some potential for this to impact on the Council's long-term financial position. The Council will continue to monitor the risk rating. The Council now has an agreed Commercialisation and Investment Strategy which will enable the Council to generate additional income. Each service is required to review and identify any opportunities for transformation, commercialisation and efficiency

			isk if i			Cu	rrent	risk			
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
	Risk:- Fraud and error committed against the Council Effects:- Potential for fraud, corruption, malpractice or error, by internal or external threats. In additional to immediate financial loss, this could harm reputation and lead to additional inquiry costs and penalties.	5	4	20	 Anti-fraud & corruption policy/ strategy Financial Regulations / Standing Ord Codes of conduct Appropriately trained staff Appropriate culture and risk awareness Segregation of duties Supported financial mgt system Budget monitoring regime Internal Audit review of sys /and controls Bribery & corruption / fraud risk assessments Indemnity insurance Whistle-blowing procedure Annual Governance Statement ARP fraud resource National Fraud Initiative 	3	3	9	Peter Catchpole / Carol Pilson	 Increase staff vigilance Fraud awareness training for Managers Raise profile internally and externally for successful prosecutions 	The Council has assisted with each annual National Fraud Initiative, cross-matching information with records held nationally. The Fraud tea within the Anglia Revenues Partnership (ARP), have continued to work on this area, and identified £295,041 of fraud up until October 2019. Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy is currently being reviewed. A fraud awareness training programme for all staff is currently being developed The Council's ICT systems have also been reviewed and updated to provide better protection against potential fraud – please see risk 6 (Page 21)

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Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
13	Risk:- Failure of Governance in major partners or in the Council as a result of partnership working Effects:- Partnership governance not adopted or followed, leading to unachieved priorities and poor performance by major partner agencies:- Cambs and Peterborough Combined Authority, Anglia Revenues Partnership, CNC Building Control, Shared Planning, Payroll delivered by Bedford BC.	4	5	20	 FSP, Fenland Public Service Board, Cabinet and O&S, bi- annual stakeholder events ensure accountability ARP Joint Committee and Operational Improvement Board, Cabinet, O&S, joint risk registers CNC Joint Members Board, Cabinet plus O&S Shared Planning Board, Cabinet plus Overview and Scrutiny, joint performance indicators Project plans / perf' monitoring shared risk registers PCCA Membership. 	3	3	9	Carol Pilson / Peter Catchpole	 Assurance that governance models correctly followed and in the Council's interests. Support Members in governance of partnership bodies. Internal Audit partnership arrangements. Ensure that the Council's interests are protected as Members of the Combined Authority and as Officers working on joint projects. Ensure all Partners have robust Business Continuity Plans in place GDPR compliance Robust ICT governance processes 	The Annual Governance Statement being reported to Corporate Governance Committee shows the Council is in a strong governance position. Scrutiny of ARP and Planning takes place on an annual basis and Cabinet members sit on Boards to ensure the effective delivery of partnership arrangements such as CNC Board for building control.

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Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
14	Risk:- Failure to achieve required savings targets Effects:- Failure to achieve efficiency saving, maximise income, or performance targets, results in greater than budgeted costs and potential risk of Council not being able to set a balanced budget.	4	5	20	Heightened analysis of budgets and services by CMT Implement Service Transformation Implement Procurement Strategy Corporate plan Pursue action to increase income streams Performance Management Framework Budget and performance monitoring Robust Workforce planning	3	3	9	СМТ	 Robust control of corporate Transformation Plan. Regular progress reports and assurance to Members. Service transformation projects Commercialisation and Investment Strategy 	Delivery of Council Efficiency targets continue including delivering savings planned for in the Council's annual budget and medium term financial strategy. Cabinet have considered the Council's projected positive financial outturn position.

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Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
18	Risk:- Capital funding strategy failure Effects:- Financial risks of capital funding shortfalls leading to increased burden to the Council. Potential for marginal deficit in capital program if future funding is not realised	5	4	20	 Asset mgt plan Asset disposal linked to capital programme Corporate Asset Team CMT monitoring of capital receipts/effect on capital prog' Regular Cabinet review of the capital prog', member with responsibility for assets Additional funding opp's identified and pursued where possible Project lead monitors site valuations linked to econ' dev' proposals. Marketing and identification of potential land purchasers, flexibility of planning guidance aligned to market needs Continued consultation with econ ptners 	3	3	9	Peter Catchpole	 Forward planning and horizon scanning. Regular high level monitoring of direction of travel and mitigation required. Asset Management Plan. Asset disposal strategy 	The Council's capital funding programme is regularly reviewed by Officers and by Cabinet. The current projected funding deficit will be met by borrowing and the relevant annual financing cost has been included in the Council's Medium Term Financial Plan. Should resources from external funding and/or capital receipts not generate the level of receipts forecast, or there is a delay in disposal of assets, then the capital programme will need re-visiting to ensure funding is sufficient to meet proposed expenditure. Reviews of the programme and resources available are carried out regularly during the year.

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Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
19	Risk:- Poor communications with stakeholders Effects:- Poor communication with stakeholders and staff leads to poorly informed direction of resources and lack of support for change Reputational damage Staff turnover Increased sickness absence	4	5	20	Internal and external regular publications Staff and management meetings Regular staff communication from the Chief Executive Key stakeholder networks for consultation Forums for perceived hard to reach groups Co-ordinated press releases Comments, Compliments and Complaints monitoring and reporting procedure Customer Service Excellence accreditation Consultation strategy Management, Trade Union and Staff Partnership group (MTSP)	3	3	9	Carol Pilson	 CSE Action Plan. Staff survey. Public consultations on key issues. 3cs refresher training Team meetings "What's Breaking" communication and "Horse's Mouth" updates from the Chief Executive to all staff 	The Council's CSE performance is assessed each year by an external expert. The Council has a dedicated project team to ensure ongoing progress against CSE requirements/actions across all service areas to ensure consistent and effective communication to our customers. All change projects are supported by a robust communication programme to ensure that stakeholders are fully informed.

	Risk if n action					Current risk					
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
20	Risk:- Commercial uncertainties associated with decisions taken as part of the Council's Commercial and Investment Strategy. Effects:- Reputational damage Financial loss Impact on services, staff and community	5	4	20	Robust oversight and governance arrangements Expert professional advice Robust budget management Thorough project management and business cases process	3	3	9	CMT	All governance requirements in place	The Council's Risk Appetite is currently being reviewed

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Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
12	Risk:- Failure of external investment institutions Effects:- Failure of external investment institutions affecting availability of funds or return on investment reducing cash flow and resource availability	5	4	20	Policy for maximum investment/ borrowing levels limits liability Credit ratings Financial management Reserves Insurance Medium Term Financial Strategy Treasury Management Strategy	2	4	8	Peter Catchpole	Effective Treasury Management strategy. Robust auditing of processes and policies.	The Council's treasury management position is regularly reviewed and is currently showing a good position. The Treasury Management Strategy was considered is currently being reviewed. Updates are provided to Cabinet and Council on a half-yearly basis .

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Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
5	Risk:- Insufficient staff to provide Council services Insufficient leadership and/or management capacity to deliver Council priorities Effects:- Constraints to effective workforce planning lead to poor standards of service or disruption to service. Service transformation and commissioning can help build resilience, but could also lead to a loss of qualified and knowledgeable staff, which exposes the council to risk of service failure and legal challenge.	4	5	20	Learning & Development framework / Training Working environment /culture Staff Committee MTSP Flexible working Established suite of people policies & Procedures Business continuity plans Management training 121s /Springboard staff development and appraisals Service planning process Access to interim staff via frameworks Effective sickness management Effective Governance structures	2	3	6	СМТ	 Ensure all services have effective Workforce plans incorporated into Service Plans, which ensure all work is prioritised Effective succession planning. Effective use of project management approaches/principles when delivering priorities/strategies 	All services have published service plans, learning requirements and workforce plans for 2019-20 to ensure teams are staffed according to current establishment and to take account of priorities and longer-term trends.

		Risk if no action				Current risk					
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
7	Risk:- Lack of access to Council premises prevents services being delivered Effects:- Disruption of service provision.	5	5	25	 Alarm and security systems Fire drills Business continuity plans Emergency planning network ICT disaster recovery and offsite testing Relocation procedures - critical and support services Geographically distributed sites Remote working Statutory building inspection and checks Corporate Business Continuity Plans 	2	3	6	Peter Catchpole	 Regularly test Emergency Plan Test service Business Continuity Plans Ensure key emergency planning staff attend regular liaison meetings and training Provision of 'drop down' facilities for staff 	Emergency plans – ongoing programme of review, testing and training of staff involved in a response Plans regularly checked and tested and emergency planning exercise was conducted last month. Improved ICT systems provide better/increased opportunities for remote/agile working

		Risk if no action				Current risk					
Reference	Risk and effects	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Mitigation	Impact	Likelihood	Score	Risk Owner	Actions being taken to managing risk	Comments and progress of actions
15	Risk:- Over-run of major Council projects in time or cost Effects:- Failure to manage projects effectively leads to overruns on time or cost and failure to achieve project aims. Reputational damage	4	5	20	Project Management methodology Contract Standing Orders Financial Regulations Service plans Budgetary control Management and Portfolio Holder oversight	3	2	6	СМТ	Robust project management. Effective risk registers for projects.	Effective project management remains a Council priority. Major projects are closely monitored by CMT and Cabinet members and progress is reported to Council via Portfolio Holder briefings.

